# The Evening Star.

No. 14,785.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1900-TEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

# JAPAN LANDS TROOPS

Puts 15,000 Reinforcements Ashore at Taku Today.

## EARL LI STARTS FOR PEKIN

China Makes Proposal for Reparation for Outrages.

LONDON, July 18.—A special dispatch from Shanghai, dated today, says the disembarkation of 15,000 Japanese troops is proceeding at Taku.

#### CAUSES UNEASINESS IN EUROPE. China's Attack on Russia Complicates the Situation.

LONDON, July 18.-If the news of a Chinese invasion of Siberia proves true it will, of course, immensely complicate the situation from the international point of view. As stated in the Associated Press St. Petersburg dispatch of July 13, the Chinese had already peremptorily ordered all Russians to quiet Manchuria, but no one magined they would be audaclous enough to break out of their own country and attack Russian territory. Such an attack, if it has been made, of course constitutes in declaration of war, rendering formal notification needless.

A separate attack by the Chinese on Rusin means giving Russia, according to the views expressed in Europe, additional excuse for an isolated descent on Pekin and an additional claim to assert greater to cuse for an isolated descent on rekin and a additional claim to assert greater influence than the other powers and obtain greater compensation when the day of settlement arrives. Hence extreme uneasiness has been created in the chancellories by this latest development.

As to the latest Chinese assurances of the

As to the latest Chinese assurances of the safety of the European legations at Pekin, they are not credited here. On the contrary, it is believed these assurances have been dictated by a desire to save the native city of Tien Tsin. The Associated Press correspondent at Shanghai wires, under date of July 16, that there is hardly a doubt that Sheng, the Chinese administrator of telegraphs, is withholding information in his possession. The news of the massacre as already cabled to the United States may be taken as correct. The dispatch adds that there is evidence that the Woo Sung forts (at the mouth of the Woo Sung river and ten miles north of Shanghai) are being (at the mouth of the woo says are being ten miles north of Shanghai) are being strengthened and supplied with large quan-strengthened and supplied it is hoped in Lontitles of ammunition. It is hoped in Lon-don that the landing of 22,000 Japanese roops, which it is expected will be effect-d today, and the arrival of Indian troops xill enable the allies to reinforce Shanghal Admiral Alexieff reports a skirmish July on the Pei-ho river, twenty-five versts m Taku, between a reconnoitering body Russians and Chinese, in which several

of Russians and Chinese, in which several Russians were killed.

A dispatch from Shanghai, received here today, reports that five cruisers of the allies fleet, including the British cruiser Terrible, reconnoitered at Shan-hai-Kuan July 17, and found the harbor lights and forts intact and but few Chinese visible. The dispatch adds that it was intended to bombard the forts, but that the fleet refrained and stood by ready for action in case the forts showed signs of activity. The same dispatch adds and signs of activity. The same dispatch action in the control of the contr ed signs of activity. The same dis-adis that eight warships are lying ie native city of Shanghai, and that others are between Shanghai and Woo-

## China Proposes Redress.

day, gives some additional facts relative to Chang told the foreign consuls he, as doven viceroys, except two, to frame, as reported in the Daily Telegraph's Canton dispatch of July 16. The memorial insisted upon the

pire, whether war breaks out or not, in or-

a detailed report of the incidents

guns, and the Boxers, throwing away torches, fled. Afterward, during the the Chinese only approached in par-f three or four, but made no resolute

The steamer Empress of India brings news of the arrival of the Japanese steamer Korka Maru at Chefoo, carrying seventy-three missionaries and their families who were on duty at the British churches. They had been chased about by mobs and to een chased about by mobs, and in fight they had to pass two nights in

oats, in Wise of the American cruiser Monocacy has been appointed by the alled forces a superintendent of Tong Ku. He is to undertake the duty of supervising the operation of the railway trains for the purnding provision

#### HENDERSON DEMIES A REPORT. Speaker of the House Interviewed at

TACOMA, Wash., July 18.—Gen. D. B. Henderson, Speaker of the House, who is in Tacoma, on his way to Los Angeles, said erophatically last night that he had never stated in an interview or given any onpermission to state that he believed the nited States should secure a port in China or take part in the partition of the empire. Speaking of the conditions in that country he noded:

'We must wait until full information regarding the reports from China are re-ceived. We have heard that our minister has been massacred and Americans have been killed, but it would be wrong without definite information to influence the coun-try and plunge it into war. We have not

declared war against China as yet and it would be wrong to go ahead and commit depredations against that country. "The necessity for an extra session of Con-The necessity for an extra session of Congress is not apparent yet. It is too early to tell whether it might be necessary to

A GRATIFYING FEATURE OF THE CHINESE SITUATION.

Russia, France, England, Germany and the United States in En-

tire Agreement.

One of the most gratifying features of the present international crisis in China is that the attitude of all the powers is practically the same as that of the United States. Information has been recently received that the government of Russia takes the same view of the situation in China FIVE POINTS COVERED that this government does, and that its purposes and intentions are substantially the same as those embraced in Secretary Hay's noteworthy circular of the 3d of

In that circular Secretary Hay announced the adherence of the United States to its traditional policy of peace with the Chinese nation, of furtherance of lawful commerce and of protection of lives and property of American citizens, and its purpose to preserve Chinese territorial and administrative entity, and to safeguard for the world the principle of equal and impartial trade with all parts of the Chinese empire.

France nas shown its hearty indersement of these sentiments by its practical co-operation for some time past in the furtherance of the pacific ends desired. Great Britain has also acted steadfastly in the same line, dicated in the recent statement issued by

Count Von Bulow.

This state of affairs is most satisfactory to the officers of the administration, as the or the officers of the administration, as the practical unanimity of action on the part of the internationals presages an earlier and more satisfactory adultion of the Chinece problem than would otherwise be possible.

#### EIGHT DEATHS IN NEW YORK. Fourth Day of the Heated Term

Causes Fatalities.
NEW YORK, July 18.—This is the fourth

day of the spell of terrific heat in which New York is gasping. The temperature was higher, but the percentage of humidity was lower today. At 6 a.m. the thermometer registered 83 degrees, and the mercury has steadily gone upward until at noon 95 degrees was registered.

The heat was responsible for accidents to persons who sought cool places in which to sleep. Roofs and fire escapes were the favorite spots. A number fell to the street, and two of these, Samuel Meyer, eight years old, and James O'Neil, 19 years old, received injuries which resulted in their Pesides a score or more prostrations re-

ported today eight persons died from the effects of the heat.

#### CHARLES R. EASTMAN GOES FREE. Harvard Instructor Charged With Murder of R. H. Grogan.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 18.-After a conference between coursel and court in ing advised as to the course of this govern-the hearing of Charles R. Eastman, the ment, as determined upon by the Presi-Harvard instructor, charged with the murder of Richard H. Grogan, jr., on July 4. presented in open court, Judge Almy ordered the discharge of the prisoner. Judge Almy stated that he could find no reason for holding Eastman for the grand

reason for honorgiury.

The shooting occurred on July 4. Eastman claimed that it was accidental. Witnesses testified that Grogan, before he dled, accused Eastman of murder.

## ESCAPED FROM BOXERS.

Party of Five Passed Four Days of Thrilling Adventures.

A dispatch to the New York Tribune from Victoria, B. C., yesterday says; Advices received from the scene of the Chinese troubles by the steamer Empress of India inin of foreigners in the em- clude a story of heroism and thrilling adwhether war breake out or not, in orto preserve Chian's prestige as a civilstate.

Cond.—The rescue of foreign ministers
living, as negotiations would then still
possible and the governments of those
of might use their influence in favor of
arrow escapes and flight from the pursu-Third—A letter of apology to the German
Emperer for the murder of Baron von Ketteler as well as the proposal for the mediation of other powers and a written assur.

The courier said on his arrival that the

teler as well as the proposal for the mediation of other powers and a written assurance of Chima's good intentions, to be given to the United States and France.

Fourth-Ful- compensation for nal losses of lives and property of foreigners.

Fifth- Orders to be given to the military and civil authorities of Chi-li to punish robbers and marging troops.

The courier said on his arrival that the city of Tien Tsin was in a perilous position, and his letters were to request reinforcements. The Chinese, he said, were bombarding it with four-inch guns. The relief, as has been told, was sent, and the city relieved. Walte is reported to have worn the uniform of a dead Boxer, and the Cossacks

FIGHTING AT TIEN TSIN.

Chinese Soldiers Wade a Night Attack.
Carrying Torches.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 18.—The steamer Empress of India brings detailed advices of the fighting, at Tien Tsin. Colonel Shimamura, who commanded the Japanese troops at Tien Tsin prior to the relief of that place, has forwarded to his government a detailed report of the incidents. the bottom of a boat all night, unable to move, owing to the fact that Boxers wer encamped on the river bank a short dis tance away. They ultimately released th from the time of the attack unin sunce. The report says, in part:

"The Chinese advanced determinedly to the assault. There were some hundreds of them, and they were carrying lighted torches. They advanced in a series of torches, the Japanese allowed them to the Japanese allowed them to the secured their escape, the Boxers in which secured their traveling at night, and when near Title in their traveling at night, and when near Title in managed to get horses, which he have recommended them for decoration.

## NEBRASKA POPULIST ROW.

Middle-Roaders Bound That Towne Shall Stick.

A dispatch from Lincoln, Neb., says: The midde-road populists will hold their state convention at Grand Island on Friday next, and the attendance promises to be large. If it is the middle-roaders will point to this as an evidence of the displeasure of the populists at the turning down of Towne at Kansas City,

The convention is also expected to hasten the action of Mr. Towne in declaring finally whether he is in or out of the race. The state committee chairman, Edmisten, does not want Towne to withdraw, and if the convention is a success will point to it as sustaining his views. Edmisten claims the sustaining his views. Edmisten claims the withdrawal of Towne would mean death to fusion hereaft r in Nebraska. Kansas and South Dakota. Some of the fusion politicians from Lincoin will go to the convention, among them Secretary of State Porter. It will be no great restained. It will be no great surprise if Mr. Porter shall bid good-bye to Bryan and fusion and climb into the mmiddle-road wagon.

Wharton Barker and Ignatius Donnelly,

# middle-road nominees for President a Vice President, will attend the convention

Action of Chinese Reformers. SEATTLE, Wash., July 18.-The Chinese reform party of this city, with representatives from Idaho and Montana, met here and decided to send a cablegram to the Viceroy of Nanking, asking him to aid the powers in restoring order and afterward establishing a protectorate over the empire. The aim of the party is to restore the emperor, Kwang Hsu, on the throne and to place the country as far as individual freedom is concerned on a footing with the civilized nations of the world.

# THE POWERS HARMONIOUS HOPE STRENGTHENED

Consul Fowler Cables Another Report of Legationers' Safety.

## ADVICES FROM SHANTUNG GOVERNOR

Says That His Courier Left Pekin July 9.

ON THE COREAN BORDER

The State Department this morning re reived a dispatch from United States Consul Fowler, at Chefoo, saying that the governor of Shantung wires that his courier left Pekin on the 9th instant, and that the legations were still holding out.

The United States minister at Seoul, Corea, has telegraphed the Department of State that the Boxers and Chinese sources are in force a few days' journey from the Corean frontier. He says that Pieng-yang is much alarmed; that many natives are leaving the city; that foreigners remain safely, and that the government of Corea s anxious to preserve order.

The buoyant and hopeful feeling of yes-terday as to the Chinese situation continued unabated and was even strengthened today by the addition of the confirmatory dispatch from Consul Fowler, at Chefoo, touching the safety of the legation at Pekin on the 9th of July. Because of the very intimate relations that have existed up to a very recent date between this official and the imperial court at Pekin, he having been commander of the imperial bodyguard, there is a disposition here to attach more credence to his dispatches than would be accorded to those of other Chinese officials. Of course, this is based on the presumption that he has no induce ment to falsify the facts.

#### Diplomatic Callers.

Secretary Hay had a number of diplo-matic callers today, so many, in fact, as to make a favorable comparison with the number present on diplomatic day, prominent among them being Minister Wu, Mr. Wollant, the Russian charge, and Mr. Thiebaut, the French charge.

M. Thiebaut, the French charge d' af-

faires, and de Wollant, the Russian, were among Secretary Hay's callers, but they added nothing in the way of information on the Chinese situation. It can be stated. also, that at this time there are no negotiations of special importance between the powers outside of the general co-operation to rescue the foreigners at Pekin and look after foreign lives and property everywhere in the emptre

The foreign officials were desirous of bedent and cabinet, as this is felt to be a part of a general movement. There has been nothing official as to the movement of Russian troops to China, outside of the declaration communicated to this government some days ago, that 4,000 Russian troops would at once move.

Owing to the intense heat here the Rus ment to Cape May the latter part of the

Consul General Goodnow, at Shanghai, has cabled for a warship. His suggestion was merely precautionary, and after con-sidering it the Navy Department has withheld action, in view of the fact that the Castine is already at that port and foreign ships are on the way.

There was no cabinet meeting this mornno as was expected because which had reached the government over night did not present such enange in the situation as would demand a meeting at this time

Minister Wu Sees Secretary Hay.

The Chinese minister called at the State Department about 10:30 o'clock this morn-He expressed himself hopeful as the result of the developments yesterday, but said he had nothing additional today from Pekin, Tien Tsin or any other quarter. The early hour of the call, following the ong cabinet session last evening, led to the impression that his presence at the State Department was desired as a means of fully communicating to him the urgent desires of the administration to leave no stone unturned in getting word from Pekin. His talk with Secretary Hay was quite brief, however, and brought no developments. The Secretary made known to him the dispatch from Consul Fowler, at Chefoo, quot ing the governor of Shantung as stating that the legations at Pekin were safe or the 9th instant, and this was accepted by Mr. Wu as confirmatory of his dispatch yesterday. He said there was not the

slightest doubt as to the date being the 9th, although London cables suggested that the 9th referred to the Chinese calendar and meant the 5th by the English calendar, On the contrary, the dispatch received by him mentioned the 13th as the date, which by the Chinese calendar would correspond

with the 9th of our calendar.

Mr. Rockhill's Visit. One of the first callers at the State De

partment today was Mr. W. W. Rockhill, director of the bureau of American republics, whose name has been mentioned with those of ex-Ministers John Barret and Chas. Denby as among the possible succes sors of Minister Conger as the United States representative in China. Mr. Rockhill won an international reputation by his explorations in China and Thibet, and is regarded as one of the best-posted men on

Thinese affairs in this country.

After his interview with the Secretary of State, which lasted an hour, Mr. Rockhill said he had not had the subject of a Chinese mission of any sort suggested to him, and that he had no expectation of returning to the orient. He said his visit to Secretary Hay was purely personal, but from the fact that he made a trip to the archives division and returned with an armful of documents, it was inferred that he was giving the Secretary the benefit of his experience in formulating whatever plans the government now has on foot for the settle-

ment of the eastern problem.

Mr. Rockhill Retains Hope. Mr. Rockhill is one of the few officials who still retains a ray of hope that som of the members of the legations in Pekin may have escaped. Personally he place little faith in the recent cablegrams from the southern viceroys regarding the safety of the legations after July 7, although he thinks the Chinese minister is acting in perfectly good faith in transmitting these cablegrams to the State Department. His hope for some of the legations is based more on his knowledge of the relations

Sir Robert, and it is within the limits of possibility that they may have been able to secrete at least some of the women of the foreign party where they can weather the storm till relief reaches Pekin. This is only a possibility, but coming from one so familiar with the Chinese situation it conains at least, another ray of hope for

#### Japanese Advices From Pokin The Japanese legation this morning received the following cable message from the

those who have friends in Pekin

minister of foreign affairs at Tokio: "Baron Nishi's letter of June 29 was r ceived at Tien Tsin July 12. The letter was brought by secret messenger. It says that the legations are being daily bom parded. Ammunition is running short. Danger of massacre is imminent. Prompt relief is earnestly desired. The messenger says that foreign ministers consider it im ossible to procure provisions after July 1." Baron Nishi is the Japanese minister at Pekin, and his statements may be relied ipon as thoroughly accurate.

#### CASUALTIES OF THE NINTH. The Colonel and Seventeen Enlisted Men Were Killed.

For the first time since the arrival of the 9th Infantry in China from the Philippines the War Department today received direcofficial information from that organization. It came in the shape of a brief cable message from Lieut. Col. Charles A. Coolidge and consisted simply of a list of casualties to the regiment in the attack on Tien Tsin on the 13th instant. Up to the time of its receipt the War Department was not absoutely certain as to what officer was in command of the regiment, as there was no ertainty that Lieut. Col. Coolidge was with the command. The colonel of the regiment was killed and one of the three majors-Regan-was seriously wounded. The dispatch is as follows:

'Adjutant General, Washington: "Casualties in attack on Tien Tsin July

"Killed-Col. E. H. Liscum and seventeen enlisted men.
"Wounded-Capt. C. R. Noye(s), not seri-

ous; Maj. J. Regan, serious, not dangerous; Capt. E. V. Bookmiller, serious, not dangerous; Lieut. L. B. Lawton, not serious; Lieut. F. R. Lang, slight; seventy-two en-

"Missing-Enlisted men, tu (two). "COOLIDGE."

This list of casualties is much shorter han the original list furnished by Admiral Remey and omits the names of several oficers at first reported wounded.

Secretary Long received the following message from Admiral Remey this morning revising and correcting his original list of casualties at Tien Tsin: "CHEFOO, July 18, 1900.

Bureau of Navigation, Washington: "Latest reports do not indicate that army officers Maj. Lee, Capt. Brewster, Lieuts. Naylor, Hammond and Waldron are wounded. Capt. C. G. Long, marine corps, wound-ed; Second Lieut. L. R. Lang, army, wounded. (An) aid (has) gone to Tien Tsin to get accurate information. REMEY."

#### THREATENED INVASION OF COREA. Mr. Tam Ye Expresses Himself as Not | els

Apprehensive. Mr. Tam E. Ye, thei Corean charge, said this morning, in regard to United States Minister Allen's dispatch to the State Department saying that the Boxers and Chise soldiers were gathering in force near the northern border of Corea, and that the people of the northern province were fearful of an extension of the Boxer revolt into that ountry, that he did not anticipate a happening of that sort.

The words "Boxers and Chinese soldiers" he thought had been used in a very broad sense. It has all along been difficult to iscriminate between the imperial troops April last. and the Boxers themselves. There would be nothing alarming in the fact of the imperial troops being in close proximity to the borders of Corea, but, of course, in view of the tension in China the uncertainty as to whether the approaching troops were Boxers or the imperial troops themselves may have given rise to the fears entertained by the people in the

Mr. Tam Ye said that he had heard noth ing from his government touching the matter. As far as he knew there was no Boxer element in Corea and he was not inclined to place much credence in the report of a hreatened invasion of Corea by the

## THE INTERNATIONAL ARMY.

How It Will Be Composed on the Basis of 80,000. The various foreign representatives here

and the authorities of the United States government have been made aware of a ecent meeting of all the admirals and naval commanders in Chinese waters, and of their determination, after mature consideration of the entire situation, that 80,000 troops from all nations were required to cope with the present emergency. The ad-mirals did not go beyond this determination of the total and fix the number which each nation should furnish, that being left

to the several governments. But in a general way this estimate of 80,000 by the board of officers on the spot has served as a guide in fixing the number of men which each nation will furnish Up to the present time it is said that no hard and fast agreement exists as to the number of men each will forward, but it s tacitly accepted that these respective orces will be approximately: Japan, 22,000 Russia, 15,000: United States, 11,000: France, 8,000; Great Britain, 10,000; Germany, 12,000-in all, about 78,000, or about the aggregate which the meeting of admirals determined upon. As stated, how-ever, there is no formal agreement up to the present time that these quotas or any other exact numbers shall be adhered to and each government is free to act accord- July 18, and will have a position with the ing to its view of the requirements, although the preparations now under way ndicate that the foregoing will be the approximate portions of an allied army ag-

## J. M. MENECK MISSING.

gregating about 80,000.

Smithsonian Attache Lost in Desert of Southern Utah.

A dispatch from Williams, Ariz., yesterday says: News reached here today of the probable death of J. M. Meneck on the desert of southern Utah. Meneck left here June 24, in company with four others, for southern Utah in quest of a lost copper mine. He became greatly fatigued from the heat. The party went into camp and Meneck started out on a prospecting tour. He did not return, and his com-panions searched for him for four days in

vain.

Meneck was a representative of the more on his knowledge of the relations existing for the past twenty years between Sir Robert Hart, the British customs officer, and some of the most powerful officer, and some of the most powerful offi-

# cials in Pekin. Some of these officials owe all they have and are to the friendship of

The President to Return to Canton Tomorrow Night.

## MAY BE ANOTHER CABINET MEETING

What Senator Elkins Says of the Situation.

GREETING FROM HAWAII

dent's intention to return to Canton tomorrow night. There he can be in almost as close communication with the members of the cabinet by telephone and telegraph as he would be here. If something unexpect-ed should occur the President would remain here. During the interim before his return he will have an opportunity to go over the situation in detail with the various cabinet officers. It may be that another formal cabinet meeting will be held tomorrow, by which time it is expected that there will be news of a more definite character regarding Pekin than now. Up to this afternoon there had been no call for today.

Having decided that the situation does not warrant the calling of an extra session at this time, and having agreed upon the at this time, and having agreed upon the number of troops and marines that will be sent to reinforce the international army in China, the position of the administration is described by a prominent official as one of waiting. Until authentic news of the Pekin situation arrives nothing remains to be done but to mobilize and push forward the troops and marines selected to make up our quota of the 80,000 soldiers that the commanders at Taku have decided necessary to hold Tien Tsin and insure the ssary to hold Tien Tsin and insure the uccess of the forward movemennt on

Secretary Long was the only cabinet officer at the White House to a late hour this afternoon. He said that there was no news showing any change in the situation. The Secretary did not remain long with the President. What Senator Elkins Says

#### Senator Elkins saw the President for ew minutes, and another caller was C. P. Huntington.

"I do not think there will be an extra ses sion of Congress." Senator Elkins said. 'It will probably not be necessary, and, besides, I am willing to trust the President in the solution of this or any other problem Even if Minister Conger was murdered w the solution of this or any other problem. Even if Minister Conger was murdered we cannot declare war on China because of the diabolical work of a mob. I cannot believe that Chinese officials are guility of complicity in the murder. Of course, we must exact reparation and uphold our dignity and honor, but we will be able to do this without a declaration of war if the situation doesn't grow worse. You know, I do not believe in war, but after it comes I'm not afraid of the consequences. I was not as eager as some others for war with Spain, but when it became necessary I was willing to accept the consequences. I remember that some of those who shouted loudest for war with Spain were the first to want to stop the operations in the Philippines and elsewhere. Now they are afraid we went too far."

#### Greeting From Hawaii President McKinley has received the fol-

lowing letter from Hawaii: "HONOLULU, H. I., June 30, 1990.
"To His Excellency William McKinley,

President, and Congress, of the United States of America.

States of America.

"Greeting: We, the native Hawaiian citizens of the territory of Hawaii, send their greeting; they wish to express to you their appreciation and thanks for the liberal laws which the Congress has enacted for the territory of tiawaii and which your excellency has approved on the 30th day of We further extend our good wishes to

"We further extend our good wishes to your excellency, to the Congress and the people of America. Respectfully yours, (Signed) "D. KALAUOKALANI, "JAS. K. KAULIA, "ROBERT W. WILCOX. "National committee."

#### At the Country Club. The President, it is said this afternoon

will take dinner today at the Country Club, Chevy Chase, as the guest of Secretary Root and General Corbin. The cabinet members in the city and Governor Allen of Porto Rico will be the other guests.

## Minister Wu's Belief.

Secretary Hay gave to the cabinet yester day, it is said, the official opinion of Minister Wu as to why no word can be gotten from the foreigners who are claimed to be alive in Pekin. Minister Wu told Secretary Hay that he believed the foreigners had been secreted by friendly Chinese, and that to open any kind of communication with them would be to reveal their hiding places to hostile natives. Mr. Wu is said to be firmly of this opinion and has impressed Secretary Hay with a belief that t may be true. Secretary Long believes the ministers are safe.

New Naval Officer at Philadelphia President McKinley today appointed Waler T. Merrick as naval officer of customs at Philadelphia, to succeed Mr. Holland. who was appointed district attorney to succeed Mr. Beck. The latter comes to Wash-ington as assistant attorney general to suc-ceed Col. James E. Boyd.

## Personal Mention.

The following Washingtonians sailed on the St. Paul, which left New York today: Dr. Dan'l N. Bertolette, medical inspector, United States navy; General and Mrs. C. H. Grosvenor, Dr. and Mrs. L. Morris Murray, Dr. and Mrs. M. J. Rosenau, Mr. J. O. Boag and Mr. Alex. Morrison. Judge Kimball left the city today to en

Me., where his family have been for some weeks past. He will return to his duties on the bench September 1. Clarence Thurston, son of Senator Thurs ton of Nebraska, sailed on the St. Paul

United States commission to the Paris ex-

joy his annual vacation at Cape Rozier.

Chited States commission to the Paris exposition.

Mrs. E. Toomey and family are at Atlantic City for a three weeks' stay.

Mr. W. Mosby Williams left the city today for several weeks' vacation in the mountains of Virginia.

Mr. I. Albert Riegel, after spending his holiday visiting friends and relatives in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Atlantic City, has returned to the city much

antic City, has returned to the city much improved in health. The Thomas Reaches Manila.

#### The adjutant general received a cabl nessage this morning from Gen. MacAr-

thur, announcing the arrival of the transport Thomas at Manila. This vessel left San Francisco June 16, with seven officers and twenty-three men of the hospital corps and 369 recruits in command of Machas, A. Williams of the 17th Infantry. Canadian Officer Killed

A cablegram from South Africa report hat Capt. Harold Borden of the second OUTLINE OF THE CAMPAIGN COL. DICK SAYS FIGHT WILL BE IN WEST.

Thinks Republicans Have Strong Contest Ahead-He Will Have

Charge in Ohio. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 18.-Col. C. W. Dick, state executive chairman for the republicans, who is here to select headquarters and begin the work of the campaign, aid today that the campaign would be pushed vigorously from this time on. In regard to President McKinley's chances for re-election he said:
"We have a fight on our hands now.

Issues are up, and they must be presented properly to the people. We shall flood the state with literature, and speakers will be sent into every township.
"We may be brought into a war with

China that will put a decidedly different phase on the election proposition. No American will argue that the administraion ought not to protect Americans in The effort of the democrats to evade the silver question cannot succeed. "I thought the center of the fight would

be in the east until 16 to 1 was placed on the platform at Kansas City. was transferred to Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Wisconsin and other western states. President McKinley other western states. President McKinley will make no speeches in the campaign except to those delegations that can on him. Governor Roosevelt will be in the thick of the fight all the time. He will be in Ohio and will make a tour of the Pacific states. It is not true that after I have started the Ohio campaign I will go to New York to assist the national committee. I have been called to manage the campaign in Ohio and will give it all of my time."

#### WORD FROM JAPAN'S MINISTER. He Says the Legations Were Hard

CHICAGO, July 18.-A dispatch to the Record from Chefoo, July 15 (via Shanghai. July 18) says: "A communication was received today by the Japanese consul from the Japanese minister at Pekin, dated June 29. It said that all the ministers were in the British legation, short of food, hard pressed and unable to hold out many

pressed and unable to days."

This is significant, for it is the latest dispatch from Pekin, aside from those through Chinese sources, since Sir Robert Hart's message of June 25, when he said the guns were trained on the legation.

#### TROOPS TO SAIL FOR CHINA. Those Mobilizing at the Presidio to

Leave August 1. SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—The troops the orient about August 1, and the transports Meade and Hancock will be used for their transportation. Batteries I, O and A and the presidio, and a battery from Sar Diego are the selected ones.

## MUST WAIT FOR FACTS. Secretary Wilson's Views Regarding the Crisis in China.

CHICAGO, July 18,-"Facts, we must get facts. We cannot proceed except on facts. No national policy can be framed until the facts are ascertained. We have two versions, both alike, from Chinese sources, both on the face equally worthy of credence. One version is that the legations were massacred. Last night we are told they survive. One may take his choice which to credit."

Thus James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, summed up America's necessity in the present stage of the Chinese crisis. He had been to Iowa to attend Senator Gear's funeral, and last night he stopped at the

Auditorium. "Whether the legation has been mur-

"Whether the legation has been murdered or not," he went on to say, "it is most probable that our missionaries and merchants have been killed. And one fact is absolutely certain, that America henceforward will protect her citizens in every land on the face of the earth.

"The best condition for us is perfect peace in China. We desire no territory, only peace and permission to trade. I don't even think we shall want to salve our injuries by a great indemnity. We ought to demand, of course, that each family which has suffered should be compensated in morey by China, so far as money can demoney that the salve of the salve our injuries has suffered should be compensated in morey by China, so far as money can demoney the salve of the salve our injuries that the salve our injuries by the salve our injuries by a great indemnity. money by China, so far as money can do it. But that is private reparation."

## EARL LI LEAVES CANTON.

Starts for Pekin Despite Protests of Europeans There.

Chang, disregarding all attempts of Euro-peans and Chinese to persuade him to remain, left Canton this morning for Pekin. Prior to his departure Chinese merchants tacked near Slang-Yiang. A number were and gentry of Canton strongly appealed to the viceroy not to leave and presented a petition setting forth that Canton, so long the prey to the depredations of robbers and pirates, had become peaceful during Li pirates, had become peaceful during Li Hung Chang's viceroyally, that disturbances had been repressed with a strong hand, and the people enabled to live without being panic-stricken when dogs barked. The petitioners, this paper continued, learned with trembling that their protector was proceeding north, and they wept as at the loss of a parent. The absence of rebellion and piracy being solely due to the presence of Li Hung Chang, the merchants were ready to cast themselves before the wheels of his chariot to prevent his departure.

#### Chinese Messages Censored. BERLIN, July 18 .- It is semi-officially ar counced that Baron von Bulow, the im-

perial minister of foreign affairs, has notified the Chinese legation here that until further notice it cannot be allowed to send telegrams in cipher or secret language, and that telegrams in plain language must be submitted for the approval of the secre-tary of state before they can be dispatched. Missionaries Reported Safe.

#### ecial Dispatch to The Evening Star. RICHMOND, Va., July 18.-A cable

message received here from Dr. George Worth of the Southern Presbyterian mission in China states that he and his party are safe in Japan. The Baptist foreign mis-Canadian contingent has been killed in action. He was the only son of F. W. Borden, Canadian minister of militia. sion board here today received advices from southern China to the effect that its missionaries there are safe.

## ATTACKED BY BOERS

THE STAR BY MAIL.

Persons leaving the city for any period can have The Star mailed to

them to any address in the United

States or Canada, by ordering it at

this office, in person or by letter. Terms, 13 cents per week; 25 cents

for two weeks, or 50 cents per month. Invariably in advance. Subscribers changing their address from one Post-office to another should give the last address as well as the

Roberts' Left Flank Has to Make

Hard Fight.

ENEMY FINALLY BEATEN OFF

Another Boer Force Breaks Through Hunter's Cordon.

LOSSES ON BOTH SIDES

LONDON, July 18.-The war office has re ceived the following dispatch from Lord

"PRETORIA, July 17 - Yesterday the enmy made a determined attack on the left of Pole-Carew's position and along our left flank, commanded by Hutton. The posts held by the Irish Fusiliers and Canadian Mounted Infantry, under Lieut. Col. Alderson, were most gailantly defended. The enemy made repeated attempts to assault the positions, coming in close range and calling to the Fusiliers to surrender. The enemy suffered severely. They had fifteen killed and fifty wounded and four were taken prisoners. The British casualties were seven killed, including the Canadian Lieuts. Borden and Birch; thirty wounded

"Ian Hamilton's column advanced to

and twenty-one missing.

"Ian Hamilton's column advanced to Waterval yesterday, unopposed, and today proceeded to Haman's Kraal.

"Fifteen hundred Boers, with five guns, managed to break through the cordon formed by Hunter's and Rundle's divisions, between Bethiehem and Ficksburg. They were making toward Lindley, being closely followed by Paget's and Broadwood's brigades."

In a dispatch dated today Lord Roberts.

wood's brigades."
In a dispatch dated today Lerd Roberts pays a tribute to Lieuts. Borden and Birch, whom, in his dispatch given above, he reported killed. Lord Roberts says:
"They were killed while gallantly leading their men in a counter attack on the enemy's flank at a critical juncture of their assault on one position. Borden was twice before brought to my notice in dispatches for gallant and intrepld conduct."

## TRIED TO DISCOURAGE POWERS. John A. Black Opposed His Armed Mob Plan.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., July 18.-In the trial today of Caleb Powers, charged with complicity in the Goebel shooting, John A. Black of Barbourville, a banker and republican of prominence, was the first witness. He said Powers came to him in January to

ow at the presidio will probably leave for tain organization, which he said Powers was getting up. "I asked Powers." said witness "what sort of a crowd he was getting up, and he of the 3d Artillery, stationed at Alcatraz said he was organizing an armed mob to go to Frankfort. I discouraged this and to'd him it would injure the republican

Diego are the selected ones.

There are now en route from the east the following, whose probable destination is China news of their starting being made public yesterday:

Company E of the battalion of engineers from West Point; four companies of the 3d Battalion of the 15th Infantry; one company from Atlante, Ga., and three company from Atlante, Ga., and three companies from Governor's Island, N. Y. They will leave here about August 1.

The horses of the 3d Cavalry will be deavered to get me to compense this and to'd him it would injure the republican party, would be a stigma on our end of Powers, however, insisted that the mob would be formed. His idea was that it would intimidate the legislature."

Black, continuing, said: "I saw Powers lold me it was being formed with the approval of Governor Taylor, Charles Finley and other republican leaders at Frankfort. Charles Finley also came to me and endeavored to get me to compense." panies from Governor's Island, N. Y. They will leave here about August 1.

The horses of the 3d Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec August 5, and those of the 3th Cavairy will leave here on the Strathgyle August 7. The horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec August 7. The horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec August 7. The horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec August 7. The horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec August 7. The horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec August 7. The horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec August 7. The horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec August 7. The horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Holsen from the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be shipped on the Aziec Horses of the 1st Cavairy will be on account of the position I took. I tried to dissuade them from the dirty band and to send good citizens, people of influence, if any."

A check from Charles Finley also came to me and endeavored to 2st me to co-special with them. I protested blitterly. Powers became very angry with me on account of the position I took. I tried to dissuade them from the dirty band and to send good citizens, people of influence, if any."

A check from Charles Horses of the men to Frankfort and them on account of the position I took. I tried to dissuade them from the dirty band and to send good citizens

W. H. Culton, who is under indictment as an accessory to the killing of Governog. Goebel, was called next.

## MESSAGES FROM THE CHURCHES. Feature of Today's Meeting Christian

Endeavor Convention. LONDON: July 18.-Fully 50,000 persons attended today's meetings of the world's convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, the special feature of the program being the delivery of messages from the churches. The Rev. Hugh Price Hughes, president of the Wesleyan conference, said he conveyed from 30,000,-000 Christians of Great Britain the desire

to form an alliance with every true soldier of Christ. The Right Rev. Mandell Creighton, bishop of London, extended to the Christian Endeavor Society the heartlest welcome of

his diocese and assurance of the sympathy with this work of the large body of Christians he represented.
Dr. Parker of the City Temple urged American Christian Enceavorers to nomi-nate Rev. Francis E. Clark and the Rev. Charles M. Sheidon for the highest offices charies M. Sheadon for the highest offices in the United States, as Christian men should be at the head of things. The United States ambassador, Joseph H. Choate, and the archdeacon of London sent sympathetic messages.

# THE REBELLION IN HO-NAN.

Chinese Viceroy Admits His Innbitty

to Preserve Order. PARIS, July 18.-The French consul at Hankow telegraphs, under date of July 13. that the viceroy admits that he is doubt-HONG KONG, Tuesday, July 17 .- Li Hung | ful of his ability to arrest the rebellion in Ho-nan. The dispatch adds that a cara-

> wounded, but it was hoped the caravan would shortly reach Hankow. The consul at Shanghal telegraphs, under date of July 9, that the governor of Tche-Kiang, on the vigorous demand of the consul, had taken energetic measures to repress disorders. A second telegram, dated July 13, announces troubles in the province of Ho-nan. Missionaries had been

van of English and American engineers

and missionaries from Chen-St was at-

# province of Ho-nan. Missionaries had been attacked in the provinces of Tche-kiang and Manchuria, and numbers of mission-aries were impertied. HOT DAY IN QUAKER CITY.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.-Three deaths from heat were reported up to noon, and numerous prostrations have been treated at the various hospitals. This is the hottest day of the summer. At 8 o'clock this morning the government thermometer on the roof of the post office building, where it is always several degrees cooler than on the streets, registered 84 degrees. This was three degrees warmer than at the same hour yesterday. At 10 o'clock the mer-cury had climbed to 92, and at noon it reached 95. It was 98 on the street. The humidity was much less today than yes-

Thermometer on the Government Building Marks 95 Degrees.

Gold Going to Europe.

NEW YORK, July 18.-Lazard Freres will ship \$1,000,000 in gold bars and Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. \$500,000 by to-morrow's steamer to Europe.